# MORE ITALIANS DETAINED.

POSSIBLE INFLUX OF ANARCHISTS PROMPTLY HEADED OFF.

Chief McClasky of the New York Detective Bureau Steps In and Causes the Detention of Eleven Men-No Incriminating Evidence Found in the Trunks of Moresca and Guido.

The New York detective bureau, working independently of the United States Secret Service officers, has added eleven to the number of men detained by the immigration officials in this port because of suspected connection with Anarchist plots. There is no definite charge against the eleven men held at the request of Chief McClusky; on the other hand, charges of the most serious character have been made against Natale Moresca and Michael Guido, who were detained on Friday upon their arrival here on the Kaiser Wil-Papers were prepared in Washhelm II. ington to be served on Moresca and Guido but were found to be incomplete and were returned to Washington for correction. on the men yesterday it was impossible to the circumstances of the arrest of all the men is maintained by police, Secret Service men

and immigration officials alike. Moresca and Guido are being kept at Quar-Office, as is customary in the cases of immigrants room where Commissioner of Immigration Fitchie, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Taylor, Chief Agent Hazen of the Secret Service, Capt. Howard and Dr. Uller of the immigration Bureau were holding a conference, and they remained there some time. They were then taken back to Quarantine where it was absolutely certain that no one could communicate with them.

The presence of Assistant Secretary Taylor at the conference aroused a great deal of comment among those familiar with Barge Office affairs. Mr. Taylor has been away from Washington for nearly a month sturying the conditions under which foreigners enter the conditions under which foreigners enter the United States across the Canadian frontier. It was stoutly asserted that he had merely stopped off in this city on his way back to Washington and was present at the conference by accident. Mr. Taylor's energetic interest in the investigation and his apparent anxiety did not harmonize well with these statements. He said yesterday afternoon that Secret Service men had traced the baggage of Moresca and Guido to Hoboken and had examined it there. In Moresca's trunk nothing was found that would incriminate him. His baggage did not differ in any way from that which al-

and Guido to Hoboken and had examined it there. In Moresca's trunk nothing was found that would incriminate him. His baggage did not differ in any way from that which almost every immigrant brings with him. There were some letters from a woman and a manuscript poem or two. Guido's bundle was even poorer in its yield of information with regard to the personality of its owner.

It was by advice of A. Homer Byington, United States Consul at Naples, that the Washington authorities ordered Moresca and Guido to be taken off the Kaiser Wilhelm II. Mr Byington received information from the police of Naples that two Italians were to sail from that port for the United States about Aug 1, with intent to make an anarchistic demonstration in the United States, presumably against the President Mr. Byington set a close watch on outgoing vessels. His information led him to believe that the suspected men would sail on the Villa Franca, a Neapolitan tramp steamship. Careful scrutiny was made of the Villa Franca's passengers when she sailed and the Consul was sure that the men against whom he had been warned were not on her. Fresh information came to the Consul that the men had sailed on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. He at once notified the State Department and the pair were promptly arrested on their arrival here.

It was a preat available to the steamship people to learn that the two men had known each other in Italy. It had not been noticed that they associated with one another at all on the voyage over. Moresca, by an arrangement made with the officers of the steamship before

voyage over. Moresca, by an arrangement made with the officers of the steamship before she sailed, worked his way over to this country as a steerage steward. Guido was technically astowaway. He was discovered in time that the been put ashore had the ship's officers desired to be rid of him; but inasmuch as he begged to be allowed to work his way he was permitted to do so. Without any further orders he began do so. Without any further orders he began passing coal in the fire room. The men were turned over to the Immigra

passing coal in the fire room.

The men were turned over to the Immigration Bureau after their arrest and it was given out that they were simply detained under county that they were simply detained under immigration regulations. Moresca as an exconvict and Guido as a stowaway. They were however, sent down to Quarantine to be locked up there, and were not allowed to mingle for a moment with the crowd of immigrants who are always awaiting examination at the Barge Office. They were brought up to the city at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon on one of the Immigration Bureau's steaffers, closely guarded by Secret Service agents. They were questioned at great length. The result of the questioning was not at all satisfactory to the officials. At its conclusion the prisoners were returned to confinement.

Meanwhile Guido had been permitted to send a telegram to Antonio Guido of 864 Third avenue, who says he is the prisoner's brother. Antonio came down to the Battery with a lawyer, Max G. Wildnauer of 320 Broadway Antonio Guido said: "My brother is a sailor lie was an Italian marine for many years. I don't believe that he is an Anarchist. I never heard that he had any Anarchist ideas. He was never in prison. He has wanted for years to come to this country."

Antonio Guido was not permitted to communicate with his brother. He went away, saying that he was going to his home, which is the house of his employer, Matteo Morello, a fruit dealer. Last night the Morellos said that Antonio Guido had not come home since he went to the Barge Office in the morning

a fruit dealer. Last night the Morellos said that Antonio Guido had not come home since he went to the Barge Office in the morning and they professed to be much concerned about him. Mrs. Morello wanted to know whether he had been arrested.

Commissioner Fitchie said that Moresca and Guido were not held at the request of any foreign Government. They were being held, he said, to await the arrival of evidence that was coming from Napies and Paris. An immigration official was resronsible for the statement vesterday that Mr. Byington had learned after Moresca's detarture that Moresca, is an Anarchist meeting, said in officet: "Bresel was a hero. I am going to America to kill the tyrant there as he came from America to kill our tyrant."

hero. I am going to America to kill the tyrant there as he came from America to kill our tyrant.

Capt. McClusky's work at the Barge Office was carried on without the knowledge of any of the officials of the National Government. On Aug. 2, McClusky received word from the chief of the detective bureau of Paris telling him that a dangerous set of Anarchists was making its way to this country from Italy. The Paris detectives learned that on or about Aug. 1 a number of anarchists were to sall from Mediterranean ports with intent to do mischief in this country. McClusky at once assigned Detective Petrosino of his staff to view out the angerous men as they arrived. In some way which was not disclosed Petrosino managed to gain admission to the detention pens without the object of his presence there being known to Commissioner Fitchie or any of his aubordinates. Petrosino mingled with the Italian immigrants for fourteen days, passing as one of themselves. After the arrest of Moresca and Guidoon Priday. Capt. McCluskey realized that the men all his precautions were set for had fallen into other hards. He accordingly went to the Commissioner yesterday with a list of names of men in the detention pens who had been the men were all picked out of the rens and were set aside for particularly rigid investigation by the Board of Special Inquiry, which will declars as a side for particularly rigid investigation by the Board of Special Inquiry, which will declars as a side for particularly rigid investigation by the Board of Special Inquiry, which will declars as a side for particularly rigid investigation by the Board of Special Inquiry, which will declars as a side for particularly rigid investigation by the Board of Special Inquiry, which

found by Detective Petrosino to be Anarchists. These men were all picked out of the rens and were set aside for narticularly rigid investigation by the Board of Special Inquiry, which will decide as to their admission to this country. They were not put under arrest.

Giusepre Costa, a stowaway who was taken on the steamshir Troian Prince several days age, jumped overboard from the Inamigration Bureau steemer Narragansett at Ellis Island early yesterday morning and swam to Bedlow's Island. He was found on the shore naked by some of the soldiers who form the guard on the island and was dressed in soldiers clothes and taken to the Barge Office. The soldiers believed they had caught another Anarchist, but their belief was not shared by the Barge Office people. The Secret Service officers are said to be very desirous of holding as many Anarchiste as they can on definite charges on which the men can be imprisoned in this country. If Moresca is simply denorted, it was explained vesterday, he may reënter this country at any other port he pleases, and to insure the safety of the President it will be necessary to send a Secret Service man back to Europe with him, trepared to follow him indefinitely.

The People's Co-operative Ice Company means uniform and reasonable prices for future years of a life necessity. Therefore co-operate with us -Ada.

Carl H. Schultz's Carbonated Waters Are -Ade. mineral waters. Italy Surprised at the Vigor Shown by Victor Emmanuel.

Special Cable Des; atch to THE SUN. ROME, Aug. 18 .- It is impossible to exaggerate the splendid effect produced on all his hearers by the inaugural address of the young King of Italy. The speech came as a revelation of hope and inspiration for Italy, no less welcome because unexpected from a young man who was almost unknown and scarcely beloved

by his future subjects. Standing in front of a brilliant concourse of Princes, Ambassadors and nobles, the King read out his speech. His hearers were quick to recognize with the first sentences that the aged Premier Sarocco had never written it and that the new King was speaking his own thoughts and making his own promises. As the ringing manifesto proceeded, the enthusiasm of the audience rose higher and higher until the King's voice was almost inaudible and sounds of weeping were heard on all sides. As the assemblage dispersed the fee ing of all was expressed in the words of a popular deputy who said "The master has come."

King Victor Emmanuel has thrown himself Whether the corrected documents were served | into his work with remarkable energy, which is proving decidedly disconcerting to the easylearn. The utmost secrecy with regard to all going Italian statesmen. The latter complain that his Majesty takes himself too seriously, but console themselves with the thought that the pace is too severe to be maintained long. The latest rder of the King, is that all decrees re- third, 61.813; Twenty-fourth, 31,767; Twentyantine and not at Ellis Island or in the Barge | quiring his signature must be submitted to him three or four days before they are awniting investigation. They were brought to to be signed, in order that he may have time to the Barge Office yesterday and were led into a read them. The custom heretofore has been for the King to sign decrees at the Ministerial audiences on Thursdays and Sundays, each Minister concerned bringing his own documents and verbally explaining their tenor. King Humbert cheerfully accepted this arrangement as calculated to save trouble, but several times he signed in this happy-go-lucky fashion degrees which were afterward declared illegal by the high court.

### BOLD BRIGANDS NEAR ROME. Rob and Kill Tourists and Destroy the Summer Business of Frascati.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. ROME. Aug. 18 .- One of the regular trips for visitors to Rome has always been that to Frascati, a lovely little town picturesquely situated a few miles from the Eternal City. To-day panic prevails in the town, as visitors are giving it a wide berth and even the Italians of the upper class who occupy its pretty villas during the summer months have fled.

The trouble is due to the operation of a band of brigands, armed to the teeth and masked. Three weeks ago they held up a coach full of tourists, cleaned out the lot of all their money and jewelry, killed one gendarme, wounded another and got away. The chief of the Roman Police descended on Frascati with all his detective force and the military authorities sent soldiers who scoured the country, with the result that fifty suspects were laid by the heels and the chief proclaimed that the trouble was over. But last Sunday another band held up another coach and killed an Italian tourist who attempted resistance. Then the exodus set in and there is a big slump in the tourist business.

#### INSANE OVER MISS GOULD. Man Arrested in Cincinnati Who Is Belleved

to Have Annoyed Her. INDIANAPOLIS. Aug. 18 .- The police of this city believe they have one of the men who recently annoyed Miss Helen Gould in New York and that insanity on the subject of religion is the cause of his eccentricities. Ten days ago a man about 35, well dressed and gendean He was taken to the no lice station this afternoon by Capt. Kinney and Detectives Splan and Fort, and detained as insane, although he was quiet and unassuming about the hotel. Attention was first called to him by the large number of letters which he was writing. The destinations of the let-

he was writing. The destinations of the let-ters is not known.

To-day he carefully wrapped a large photo-graph of himself and directed it to "i nholy Father, Rome." A letter which he had written to N. R. Dowees, Fredericksburg, Ind., con-tained a number of Biblical quotations written

tained a number of Biblical quotations written in a large, sprawling hand, and also made frequent mention of Miss Helen Gould. Above the address on the envelope were the words:

"Pass this letter, God."
In the contents of the letter was written:

"Helen Gould is to be my wife soon."

After a few lines are the words:

"Helen Gould shall be known as Helen the Benutiful. Do you wonder why?"

When taken to the police station Greeham talked rationally about some matters, but did not seem to know where he lived. He said he was born in Fredricksburg and that he was engaged in this city as a book publisher.

## DR. FRANKLIN BOOTH RUN OVER. Car-He Shows Great Nerve.

Dr. Franklin Booth, one of the inspectors employed in the Health Department and who was

Booth had his left leg amputated the hip.

Dr. Booth was known all over Queens county, having held political office there for many

#### TROLLEY CAR HURTS FIVE. Struck the Wagon in Which They Were Seated and Smashed It to Bits.

A Rockaway avenue trolley car collided last night with a wagon containing five persons who had attempted to cross the tracks at Avenue L. Carnarsie. The car struck the wagon right in the centre, smashing it to bits and throwing all five persons out. They were taken to St. Mary's Hospital. This is taken to St. Mary's Hospital. I his is
the list: Cooney Bulcher, 20 years old,
of 79 Bartiett street, arm sprained,
William Berger, 41 years old, of 65 Bartlett
street, wounds on hands and neck, John Waithers, 39 years old, of 89 Bremen street, contusions of shoulder; Charles Harlin, 42 years old,
of 74 Bartlett street, fractured rib, and Conrad
Egert, 52 years old, of 62 Bartlett street, contusions of arms and chest.
All were able to go home after their injuries
had been dressed at the hospital.

Stealing a Ride Fatal, Maybe, for One Boy. Spring street and eight-year-old William Phillips of 183 Spring street were stealing a ride on an ice wagon in Sixth avenue last night the wagon was hit by a Sixth avenue electric car. Both boys were thrown to the pavement and seveley injured. They were taken to St Vincent's Hospital, where the ductors said that Gardon would probably die, as his skull was

Patronage should be concentrated with the People's Co-operative loe Company, thereby assuring one exceedingly strong independent Company.—Ada

The

CENSUS PIGURES FOR ALL THE BOR-OUGHS NOW PUBLISHED.

An Increase Since 1890 of Almost a Million Persons-The Greatest Proportionate Growth Shown by Queens Borough-Some of the Figures Necessarily Only Approximate. WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.-The Census Bureau

city of New York as 3.487,202 The population of the boroughs of Brooklyn, Richmond and Queens, according to the official counts of the returns of the twelfth census, as announced by Director Merriam, is as follows: Brooklyn Borough, 1,166,583: Richmond Bo-

rough, 67,021; Queens Borough, 152,999. Total The population of Brooklyn, Richmond and Queens boroughs in 1900 according to wards is

as follows : Brooklyn-Wards: First, 20,327; Second, 8,565; Third, 17,949; Fourth, 12,568; Fifth, 18,862; Sixth, 42.485; Seventh, 40.471; Eighth, 52.414; Ninth, 42,876; Tenth, 39,100; Eleventh, 22,608; Twelfth, 30.354; Thirteenth, 24.029; Fourteenth, 31,483; Fifteenth, 30,269; Sixteenth, 56,550; Seventeenth, 57,309; Eighteenth, 25, 133; Nineteenth, 37,645; Twentieth, 25,446; Twentyfirst, 58,957; Twenty-second, 66,575; Twentyfifth, 48.328; Twenty-sixth, 66.080; Twentyseventh, 43.981; Twenty-eighth, 77,912; Twentyninth, 27,188; Thirtieth, 24,700; Thirty-first,

14,609; Thirty-second, 8,243. Richmond - Wards: First, 21,441; Second, 13,200; Third, 13,701; Fourth, 9,516; Fifth, 9,163. Queens -Wards: First, 48,272; Second, 40,903; Third 25.870: Fourth, 80,761; Fifth, 7.193.

Under the act of 1894 the towns of Flatbush. Flatlands, Gravesend and New Utrecht were absorbed by the city of Brooklyn, the town of Flatbush becoming the Twenty-ninth ward, the town of New Utrecht the Thirtieth ward and the towns of Flatlands and Gravesend the Thirty-first ward of that city. The city thus became co-extensive with Kings county. On Jan. 1, 1898, the city of Brooklyn became the borough of Brooklyn, one of the five boroughs of New York. By comparing the population of the borough in 1900 (1,166,582) with the population of Kings county in 1890 (838,547)

the population of Kings county in 1890 (838,547) a numerical increase of 328,035 is shown in this area, representing an increase of 39.12 per cent. during the decade.

Richmond county, Staten Island, became the borough of Richmond on Jan. 1, 1898. The population of the county in 1890 was 51,693, which, compared with the population of the borough on June 1, 1900 (67,021), gives an increase for the decade of 15,328, or 29.6 per cent.

Queens borough was organized on Jan. 1, 1898.from what was Long Island City, the towns of Flushing, Jamaica and Newtown and a small part of the town of Hempstead, all of which were civil divisions of Queens. The remaining towns of the county, Oyster Bay, North Hempstead and the greater part of the town of Hempstead, were taken to form the new county of Nassau. The First ward of Queens borough comprises what was formerly Jamaica, and the Fifth ward what was formerly Jamaica, and the Fifth ward what was formerly Jamaica, and the Fifth ward what was formerly Justing, the Fourth ward was formerly Justing, and the Fifth ward is that part of the town of Hempstead included in the borough of Queens. It is immossible to say definitely the population in 1800 of that part of Hempstead included in the borough of Queens it may be assumed that con-fifth of the population of the town of Hempstead was contained in the borough. On this basis the area now constituting the borough of Queens it nay be assumed that con-fifth of the population of the town of Hempstead was contained in the borough. On this basis the area now constituting the borough of Queens and the first ward of the population and the population and the population of the town of Hempstead was contained in the borough of Queens it may be assumed that con-fifth of the population of the town of Hempstead was contained in the borough of Queens had not no in that part of that town now comprised within the borough. On this basis the area now constituting the borough of Queens had, in 1800, an approximate population of 87,050 as against a population in 1800 of 152,999, showing an increase during the decade of 65,949, or 75.76

tlemanly in his manner, registered at the Denison House as John W. Gresham, Irvingthe following summary shows the result of Richter contributed money for one of the counts for the five boroughs: Manhattan, belle To Chief of Police Deitz, when taken Bronx, 200,507; Brooklyn, 1,166,58 1.850,063.
Richmond, 67,021: Queens, 152,509, 153,637,202. It is practically impossible to figure 3,437,202. It is practically impossible to figure 5,637,637,637. 3.437.202. It is practically distributed the population in 1890 of the Westchester territory lying to the west of the East River, which was annexed to New York on Jan. 1, 1895; but the population of the area now comprised in New York, in 1890 may be assumed to have been approximately 2.492.591. As the present population is 3.437,202, there has been an approximate increase during the decade

> Edward G. Ward, Superingen lent of Schools in the borough of Brooklyn, issued yesterday his annual report, in which he estimates that the school population was 201.637 on Jan. 1, of which 145.057 were boys and 140.577 girls. The average daily attendance at the schools was

# SWINDLED A BANK OF \$4,500.

Wire-Tapper Sent a Message That Fisher Was

All Right and He Got the Money. SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Aug. 18 .- The Uvalde National Bank of Uvalde, Tex., was made the ctim of a swindle yesterday by which two telegraph operators secured \$4,500 cash and made their escape into Mexico. Yesterday C. E. Fisher walked into the office of the bank ployed in the Health Department and who was detailed to duty in the Borough of Queens, had both legs out off last night.

Dr. Booth, who is 63 years old, was called to Newtown, L. I. to attend a patient At 6:30 o'clock he got off an east-bound trolley car at the corner of Toledo and Union avenues. While crossing the street he was hit by a car coming in the opposite direction from North Beach. He was knocked down and the car wheels passed over his legs.

"Quick, get an ambulance," he shouted to those who went to his assistance, "Carry me to the walk and get an ambulance." Carry me to the walk and get an ambulance." Carry me to the walk and get an ambulance. "Carry me to the walk and get an ambulance of the car, the conductor and several assengers carried the physician to the sidewalk.

"The motorman of the car, the conductor and several assengers carried the physician to the sidewalk.

"The my legs with cord or I'll bleed to death," he called out.

The crowd did as directed. Then when Ambulance Surge in Timothy Breenan arrived Dr. Booth remarked that it would be proper to ambulance his right leg, which was vary badly crushed. This was done, the injured man giving directions to the ambulance surgeon.

"If I had feet to walk I'd get into the ambulance myself,' he said.

After being taken to St. John's Hospital Dr. Booth had his left leg amputated just below the hip.

Dr. Booth was known all over Queens county, br. Booth was known all over Queens county.

The motorman of the car, the conductor and several assengers carried the physician to the sidewalk.

The corner of Toledo and Union avenues.

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Dr. Booth was known all over Queens county, br. Booth was known all over Queens county. and said that he wanted to draw \$4,500 on J.

a suburb of this city, 800 horses, fresh from the ranges of Montana, Nevada and northern Caliat the work, twenty-one of whom are expert

at the work, twenty-one of whom are expert horsemen. The horses to be subdued and trained the light ones for cavalry and heavier animals for the artillery and transport service—are herded in a huge enclosure. During the last three days two horses broke their legs and another had its neck broken while being trained.

Representatives of the German Government are now in the city and are expected to inspect the first lot within a few days. As soon as accepted they will be started on their long ocean journey. Other consignments are arriving from the ranges daily and the work of training will be continued for three months more at least. If the trouble in China should become more serious numerous additional commissions for the purchase of horses will be placed in the hands of California dealers.

#### TROPIC HEAT IN CHICAGO AGAIN Thermometer Registered 96 Yesterday-To Last Four or Five Days.

CRICAGO, Aug. 18.—This city is again over-whelmed by a hot wave, the thermometer registering 96 degrees at 4 o'clock this afteron. Four or five days of this weather is predicted by Prof. Cox, who returned to-day from his vacation to take charge of the local weather bureau. Among to-day's victims of the heat was Polloeman Edward Colson, more familiarly known as "Grover," on account of his striking resemblance to ex-President Cleveland.

The Lake Shore Limited. an up-to-date train in every respect between New York and Chicago every day at 5:30 P. M. via New York Central. Pullman sleeping cars to Chicago via Lake Shore Route, and to St. Louis via Big Four Route, making close connection for Kansas City. No Route, making close connection

Poland: Poland: Poland: Poland: purest natural spring water in the world.- Ada.

THE NEW KING A HARD WORKER. NEW YORK CITY, 3,437,202. SEIZED HONOLULU'S COURT HOUSE. WHAT TO BE CHINA'S FATE? Federal Judge Estee Takes Possession of Territorial Property and Holds It.

HONOLULU, Aug. 10., via San Francisco, Aug. 18. - United States Judge Estee has defied the Territorial authorities, seized part of the court house, ordered the United States Marshal to hold possession of it, and evicted one of the Territorial circuit Judges from the court room occupied by the latter. This action was taken on Aug. 8, and threw the community into a state of extreme excitement. It all came about because Superintendent of Public Works J. A. to-day announced the population of the entire McCandless declined to furnish a court room out of the Territorial funds as Judge Estee wanted it furnished, there being no appropriation

for the purpose. In April last it was discovered that the court house, known as the Judiciary Building, was in need of repairs and was in some respects unsafe. The Council of State made an appropriation of \$7,000 to put it in repair. The best part of the building was assigned to Judge Estee for his court room. The repairs were in progress when he arrived. The first thing hedd was to order some changes in the repairs. These orders were compiled with, and it was expected the room would be ready for his occupancy within a few days. A little later he wrote to the Superintendent of Public Works, directing him to furnish the room in a particular way.

The superintendent called the judge's attention to a provision of the Territorial act giving the Territory ownership, custody and control of public property, and intimating to him that in all other States and Territories the United States provided and furnished its own court rooms. He said that the court house belonged to the Territory, but that rooms had been assigned temporarily for the use of Federal officials.

The next member Levice of the judge's attention to a second court of the court house belonged to the Territory, but that rooms had been assigned temporarily for the use of Federal officials.

eral officials.

The next morning Judge Estee took possession of Judge Stillman's courtroom and entered an order directing the marshal to seize the keys to it and hold possession of it. At the same time he announced that the court house, in his opinion, was the property of the United States and that he would take any part of it.

#### A CHINAMAN STRUCK HIM. Samuel Thuson Seriously Injured-Mob Smashes the Chinaman's Show Window.

Samuel Thuson, of 68 South Sixth street, Williamsburg, went to Sing Lee's laundry at 395 Wythe avenue for his shirts and collars last evening. They were not ready and while Thuson was expostulating with the Chinaman Lee, who was under the impression that Thuson meant to kill him, drew from under an froning board a hammer and brought it violently down

store. Both men attended the church, and ells. To Chief of Police Deitz, when taken to headquarters, Ritchter said

to headquarters, Ritchter said:

"I was talking to the boys at the corner discussing the weight of the new bells for St. Paul's Church, which will be blessed to morrow. I said There are lots of people around here who call themselves good Christians, who will not pay for these bells, but I will pay for them, no matter what they cost.' Uchtman was passing at the time and turned when he heard me, I do not remember all that was said but it seems like he immediately struck me in the jaw and knocked me down. I never had a revolver in my life, but went in my house and found a small toy pistel and came out. Uchtman was still on the street and when he again came toward me I fired one shot and walked away."

### away." Uchtman leaves a widow and six young DESERTER LANGLEY FREE

Message From Governors Island Didn't Reach Hartford in Time to Save Him HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 18.-Henry Lang-

ley, the soldier who escaped from Governors sland, where he was confined for desertion from the army, was up in the police court this morning to answer to the charge of drunkenness for which he was arrested early in the

ness for which he was arrested early in the week. The authorities had meanwhile communicated with the officials of Governors Island, but had heard nothing from them. Taking into consideration the time he had epent in jail Judge Perkins said to the prisoner this morning:

"I'll let you go this morning, but you'd better enlist again and keep out of mischief."

Langley walke tout with hear erect and disappeared. A little later a telegram was received from the commandant at Governors Island reading as follows:

"Reported in newspapers that Henry Langley, escaped prisoner from Governors Island; is under arrest at Hartfory. Please hold if true, until guard can be sent for him. Reply by wire."

The despatch was signed Meyer, but it was

# INSANE OVER HER NOSE.

cause of a Strange Deinsion.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 18 .- Alice Mulcahy, aged avenue, has had for several years a delusion that there is something the matter with her nose and that she must keep it concealed. She therefore continually holds it concealed. She therefore continually holds her hand before her nose and refuses to go out on the street. When anybody comes into the house she hives herself in a cark corner with her hand over her nose. Otherwise she is raticual. A chance remark criticising her nose cause ther to worry herself into her present condition. Her relatives at last concluded that she was demente, as she has a handsome face and her nose is regular in shape. It is not even as large as the noses of many young women with small features.

Dr. Davis and Lunacy Deputy Maegly of the Probate Court to-day used some force to see her nose, but Alice immediately concealed it again from the gaze of all present. Dr. Davis committed her to Longview Insane Asylum.

#### EX-GOV. MOSES ARRESTED AGAIN. Accused of Getting Money for Advertising Not Published.

BOSTON, Aug. 18 .- Former Gov. Franklin J. Moses of South Carolina was brought into Police Headquarters this noon, charged with larceny of \$5 from John D. Hardy, a business man living at Wellesley Hills. Moses has been man fiving at Westesley trins. Moses has been living at Winthrop and for a time he conducted a weekly newspaper at Revere. It is alleged that after disposing of his interest in the paper he continued to solicit advertisements for it. It is said that Mr. Hardy's complaint was made as the result of payment of \$5 to Moses for an advertisement which never appeared in the paper.

paper.
Moses was arrested in 1885 on charges of obtaining money by false pretences from Frederick Ames. Col. Thomas Wentworth Higginson, Dr. Bowditch and Dr. Henry O. Marry. He was found guilty and was sent to the State prison for three years. In court to-day his case was continued for a week.

E. & W. Lock Front. Lock Front Coll.rs - Ads.

ALLIES ENTRY INTO PERIN HAS-TENS THE FAR EASTERN CRISIS.

England Preparing to Get Her Share if the Powers Decide on the Dismemberment of the Empire-Salisbury's Vaciliation-Germany's Right to a Special Reckoning -Revolt of the Pure Chinese Against the Manchu Dynasty One of the Possibilities.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Aug. 18.—The good news from Pekin, while it brings immeasurable relief to Europe as wall as to the rest of the world, serves out to hasten the real Chinese crisis. It cannot be assumed, of course, that military operations will be ended with the occupation of Pekin, but ! the collapse of the Chinese resistance during the narch of the allies disposed once and for all of the fear that civilization was face to face with the "Yellow peril" in its most dangerous form. Every Government in Europe believed a month ago that the ruling dynasty of China, after years of secret arming and other preparations. had deliberately embarked upon a campaign for the expulsion of foreigners and all foreign interests from Asia. It is now clear that if any such plot existed it was limited in inception and premature in execution, and has already been virtually defeated.

The situation now justifies the belief that China is not only divided hopeless y against itself, but that the north is tractically without Government and in a condition of anarchy. The subjugation of any further insurrectionary movements ought to be an easy task, unless the fleeing Empress and her satellites seek to spread the uprising in the central and southern provinces of the Empire. The further south they go, however, the more their influence will diminish. In fact, one of the most probable consequences of the crisis with which the Powers expect to be confronted is a revoit of the real China against the Manchu dynasty.

It is necessary for the allies, while continuing preparations for any military action which may become imperative, to turn their attention immediately to the vast and difficult political features of the problem. This necessity is pecultarly embarrassing to Great Britain at the present moment. The Salisbury government had reason to believe until to-day that this most dreaded aspect of the situation might be kept in abeyance for a few weeks and that | were thrown into the river and drowned. England might have one more opportunity to free herself from the deadly entanglements which are paralyzing her arms in South Africa before grappling with the perilous difficulties of the Far Eastern question. Moreover, England has entered upon the

task with a mistake which is the worst possible augury for her future interests. The diplomore eagerly than the welcome news from the Times and all other conservative organs, did the Government announce its purpose to land troops at Shanghai if it were willing to be bullied or persuaded to abandon the purpose later? Vacillation is, according to every authority, the worst possible mistake in dealing with Orientals, and the capture of Pekin is a fortunate offset to the British weakness in the Shanghai matter.

It is quite true that Great Britain's action in the first instance caused what the Times describes as almost hysterical denunciation on the Continent and especially in France, but every Government consented to the landing of British troops with, of course, the proviso that they reserve the same right. It is not yet clear why Lord Salisbury changed his mind unless it was that the news that France was promptly sending a large force to the same port raised her maiden trip from Havre to this port this the fear of such complications that an adjustment would be impossible. At all events, the Government has now recommitted itself to a policy of occupation and there can be no doubt that Admiral Seymour's troops will be joined in a few days by large French forces, while Russia and Germany will seek similar repre-

sentation at the earliest possible moment. The discussion of the problem as a whole has scarcely begun as yet, e ther in diplomatic circles or by the general public. There is no doubt in any one's mind that Germany will demand a pected in England that the Kaiser will be satisfled with morely pecuniary indemnity for the murder of Baron von Ketteler. In fact, England fears that she may be outvoted on the question of the maintenance of the integrity of the Chinese Empire. The only support upon which she absolutely relies is that of the United States. There are signs, therefore, and the final decision to land troops at Shanghai is one of them, that Great Britain is making every preparation to get the largest share possible in the case that the dismemberment of the coastwise portion of China is decided upon by the other Powers.

The suggestion that the Chinese question be referred to a hastily summored international conference is negatived instead of supported by the rapid march of events. The necessity of immediate action is imperative. Every effort will be made by the telegraphic exchange of Vienna to reach a solution. In case of a disagreement or a deadlock the last resort will be a temporary modus vivendi, pending further negotiations by conference or otherwise. The latter, however, will be a dangerous expedient for much now depends upon prompt, firm and united action, if anarchy and revolution throughout China are to be avoided.

#### ACCUSED OF SIX MURDERS. George Durden Under Arrest-His Long Career in Crime in the West.

BELLEVILLE, Ill., Aug. 18 .- The St. Clair county authorities made an important capture last night in George Durden, who is charged with half a dozen murders. He was arrested here for threatening to kill a boy because the boy would not give him money. He had no sooner been captured than a message was received from Sheriff Gaunt Pulaski county that Durden wanted for the murder of John Wallace at Villa Ridge two months ago. Durden and NURSE MISSING FROM THE ISLAND. some companions, it is alleged, murdered the man and robbed his body of \$6 after they placed it on the railroad track where it was mangled by a train. Durden murdered a man named Smith, a blacksmith at Odin, Ill. several years ago and is also charged with having been implicated in the murder of D. F. Obey at Brooklyn, June 2, 1895. Obey was an insurance agent from Evansville, Ind. His was a leading Knight of Pythias and that order paid the expenses of the prosecution. Several men charged with the crime received penkentary scutences.

The last charge of murder against Durden Prior to the Villa Ridge charge was during the miner's trial at Carterville, Ill., on Dec. 22 last. Eleven men were on trial for their lives for the murder of Mrs. Anna Karr. George Durden was one of the eleven. Alfred Karr, husband of the dead woman, on the witness stand exclaimed:

"There is the man that killed my wife!"
Durden managed to escape conviction in each case. man and robbed his body of \$6 after they

# While Antonio Reitz of 312 East 107th street

and John Costello of 168th street and Jerome avenue, brickia ers, were at work on a new building at the corner of Melrose avenue and 159th street yesterday a scaffold fell on which they were standing, throwing them to the ground. Both men were killed.

Are You With Us? Loyalty of the public in supporting the People's Co-operative toe Co. is the only practical way of insuring reasonable prices permanently for Pure lee Send for a Prospectia—Ade.

GIRL GOES UP A BIG CHIMNEY. FOUGHT AT PEKIN WALL. Miss Polyot Climbs To a Height of 126 Feet and Wins \$5 by Doing It.

SOUTH BREWER, Me., Aug. 18.—Miss Dine Polyot, a pretty girl of French descent, performed the remarkable feat of climbing to the top of an iron chimney 126 feet high at the pulp mill the Eastern Manufacturing Company, early last evening. The girl made the ascent b means of a small iron ladder which runs up the chimney, and, after reaching the top she seated herself on the edge and waved her handkerchief to the gaping crowd below. Only one man in this town ever dared cimb to the top of the stack, although many have been up half way, and Miss Polyot is, consequently, the heroine of this

and the neighboring towns. Ever since the tall chimney was erected there has been a standing reward of \$5 to any one who would go to the top. That a girl could do the trick was never dreamed of. Miss Dine, or "Dada," as she is known among her acquaintances, practised on the ladder yesterday afternoon, and as so on as the wind fell at sunset went up nimbly. The descent did not fluster her a bit, and as soon as she alighted she received \$5, and with it the as prance that she was the grittlest girl in South Brewer.

### DROWNED THREE DESPERADOES. Story of the Work of Vigilantes in South-

eastern Missouri. POPLAR BLUFF, Mo., Aug. 18. - From Por tageville. Pemiscot county, comes the report of work by vigilantes in ridding the community of Thomas Cook, a desperate character, and two pals, whose names are not given. Much secreey surrounds the affair. Cook was a noted gambier and had killed his man. He had been a terror to the authorities of southeastern Missouri for years. He went to Portageville a few days ago with two companions and attempted to run the town. They created much disturbance for two nights

and then they suddenly disappeared. The statement is made on good authority that their disappearance is due to a committee of citizens who took the law into their own hands. Forming into a band they went to the house in which the three desperadoes were sleeping, and catching them unawares bound them and took them to the banks of the Missis sippi, from which, bound as they were, they

#### FRANK ROCKEFELLER ILL. Since His Clash With His Brother He Has Been on His Kansas Ranch.

TOPERA, Kan., Aug. 18.-It is reported here late to-night that Frank Rockefeller, brother of John D. Rockefeller is seriously ill at his matic world to-day is discussing the sad ranch in west Kansas. Beyond the mere vaciliation of the British policy at Shanghai statement of his serious illness no particulars can be learned to-night. The telegraph station Pekin. The Government finds no defenders | near Rockefeller's ranch closes at 8 o'clock even among its own supporters. Why, asks and all efforts to-night to get the office and secure particulars of Rockefeller's condition have been futile.

Frank Rockefeller owns one of the largest ranches in Kansas. It is in Comanche county. Heretofore he has not spent much time on the ranch and then merely as recreation. During the past year, however, after his falling out with his brother John D. Rockefeller he has spent most of his time in seclusion on the ranch. It is reported that his family troubles have weighed heavily upon him. So far as known here he is unattended by any relatives.

## LA LORRAINE IN THIS MORNING. The New French Liner On Her First Trip to

This Port. The new French liner La Lorraine completed morning. She is the biggest and swiftest merchantman flying the tricolor. On her trial trip she made 22 knots over a measured mile. This she made 22 knots over a measured mile. Install dicates that she may be classed with the swiftest Cunarders—the Lucanta and the Campunia.

La Lorraine was sighted east of Fire Island at 1200 A. M. Her average hourly speed was somewhat less than 17 knots. Because of a sirike of the stokers of the French Line La Lorraine's crew of firemen is made up chiefly of naval stokers. It is probable that this, and perhaps, some overheating or derangement of her new machinery, may be the cause of her long trip.

# PLAIN AND NOT ASKED TO WED.

Reason Given for the Suicide of Twenty-two Year-Old Dora Kronman. waiting room of the Eric Railroad lerryhouse at West Twenty-third street yesterday morning. She was sent in an ambulance to the New York Hospital and died there an hour later. She was identified later by Herman Kronman of 29 East 11th street, as his sister, Dora Kronman, 22 years old. She had been acting qurerly lately, he said, and was worried because she was pl. in and was not asked to marry. She had been employed in a department store as a salesgirl.

# BURIED IN THE WRONG GRAVE.

Mistake Not Discovered Until Second Funeral Arrived-Coffin Dug Up Again. HACKENSACK, N. J., Aug. 18.-Mrs. Mary Monnett and Mrs. Jane Thompson of Hackensack were buried in the Catholic cemetery here to-day. Mrs. Monnett's body arrived at the cemetery first and the relatives were just placing the wreaths on her grave when the Thompson funeral entered and the discovery made was that Mrs. Monnett had been buried in the wrong plot. Mrs. Monnett's coffin was dug up again and buried in the right grave.

# MR. KLEINERT'S GIFT OF \$7,000.

Union College in Cincinnati. Cincinnati. Aug. 18.—The largest cash donation ever received by the Hebrew Union College of this city was made by Isaac B. Kleinert, a or this city was made by isaac B. Kleinert, a well-known manufacturer in New York city. In a letter received by President Bettman of the college board to-day was a check from Mr. Kleinert, for \$7.000, which he says is given to the college in nonor of the memory of the late Dr. isaac M. Wise. Mr. Kleinert adds that he has just celebrated his seventieth birthday, and that there could be no more fitting time for making the donation. ing the donation.

# No Boatman Took Her Away and It Is Feared

That She Has Been Drowned. Bertha M. Herbert, a nurse who has been employed on Blackwell's Island for the last five months, has vanished from the Island. All of her street clothing is in her room. Every one of the boatnen who carry people from the I-land declares that he did not carry her across the river to the city and this, coupled with the fact that one of the stone pitchers used in getting water from the river is missing, leads the authorities to believe that she has been accideentally drowned. She is 23 years old and has relatives up the State.

## HAD LEFT HER CHRONOMETER. Her Pilotage Fees.

The steamship Grenada, which sailed yester day morning for Grenada, returned in the afternoon, and as she passed in at the Hook ignelled, "I have nochronometer. Sheanchored at Quarantine and the tugbeat Moore took her chronometer to her. It had been left at Negus's for adjustment, and Capt. Menchison sailed away under the impression that it was already aboard. It est him pilotage n and out of the Hook and the loss of about \$200, which is a high figure for adjusting a chronometer.

It's Absolutely Genuine. The People's Co-operative for Company represents a Propie's movement headed by some of our best citizens. Act with us. Our cause is good—Ade.

#### JAPANESE GENERAL REPORTS ON THE ENGAGEMENT.

Three of the City Gates Destroyed After an All-Day Battle-One Report Says Prince Ching Received Allies in a Friendly Manner - Austrian Secretary Is Wounded.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN LONDON, Aug. 18 .- The report of an all-day battle at Pekin before the allies entered the capital and effected the rescue of the foreigners is confirmed by Gen. Fukushima, the commander of the Japanese forces. The attack began on Wednesday morning and the Japanese forced entrances through the Choayang. Toughi and Tungpien gates.

A despatch to Dalziel's News Agency from Shanghai also says the attack began on Wednesday morning and the Japanese demoli hed the Chamlan and Tongchi gates in the evening. The other forces entered by he Tongquien gate.

The Admiralty has received a despatch from Rear Admiral Bruce confirming the statement that Pekin was captured by the nilies on the 15th and that the legations are sale. He say s details will be sent later.

The Daily Telegraph publishes a Sharghei despatch which states that there was no resolance at Pekin and that Prince thing received the alifes in the most friendly manner. The ourt, according to this correspondent, kill Pekin in the direction of the Province of She si on Aug. 11.

The Customs Commissioner at Chefoo calibra under date of Aug. 18, 2:10 P. M., as follows, concerning the Pokin customes was killed and Macoun and Richardson slightly wounded. The others are toleraply well

VIENNA, Aug. 18.-An official telegram to the Foreign Office announcing the relief el Pekin adds the information that Dr. A. de. Rosthorn, the Austrian Secretary of Legation and acting Minister, was slightly wounded during the siege.

# RUSSIANS KILL 500 CHINESE.

Capture Haicheng After Inflicting Two S vers Defeats on the Enemy.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN St. Peresseuro, Aug. 18 -- Admiral Alexieff telegraphs from Port Arthur, under date of Aug 13, that the Russians captured Haicheng. north of Newchwang, on Aug. 12. After repulsing the Chinese at Tashit-ao on Aug. 10, where the Chinese lost between 100 and 150, the attack was resumed on the 11th, when the Chinese were again repulsed. This time the Chinese lost between 300 and 400 men and four guns. They retreated to Haicheng, which they evacuated on Aug. 12, losing two guns. The Chinese numbered 5,000 and had eight guns. The

Russians had seven men wounded. LONDON, Aug. 18 .- A despatch received at St. Petersburg from Gen. Orloff reports his arrival at Meduchel. The Russians attacked the Chinese on Aug. 12, but he does not state what the result was. Gen. Orloff proceeded from Chemerte to Yakshi on the 14th. It is reported that Chinese troops are arriving in the neighborhood of Kobdo and that the Chinese are enlisting Kalmucks and collecting horses in

### Mongolia. FAREWELL TO VON WALDERSEE. The Kalser Expresses His Gratification at the

Acceptance of the Latter's Appointment. Cassel, Aug. 18.-Emperor William received Field Marshal Count von Waldersee and his staff at the castle to-day. The Kalser congratulated Count von Waldersee on his appointment as the head of the united troops of the civilized world and added that "it is of great significance that your appointment from the outset secured the support and approval of the Emperor of the Russians, a mighty ruler who makes his power felt through

the continent of Asia. "It shows once more," said the Emperor. how closely united are the old traditions in arms of the two empires. I hail with you the fact that the whole civilized world without distinction and spontaneously intrusted you white waist drank a dose of carbolic acid in the with this command. As Prussian officers waiting room of the Eric Railroad ferryhouse at | we are gratefully filled with pride at the task that has been assigned to you, inasmuch as it expresses unanimous appreciation of our military life and work, as well as our military system and training and the leadership of our

general officers. "In the interest of our people I wish that our common expedition may turn into a firm guarantee of mutual appreciation and mutual peace for the European Powers, so that what the Emperor of the Russias attempted last year in another field and what he did not succeed in doing in reace, may now perhaps be attained with weapons in our hands." The Kaiser then gave Field Marshal von

Waldersee a baton and said he hoped the latter

would wield it with his old customary vigor and sureness in critical moments. Count von Waldersee in reply thanked the Emperor and assured him that while his arm had strength to hold the baton the order to retreat would never be given.

A dinner followed at which the Kaiser proposed the health of Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria and made a few remarks thanking the Austrian monarch for the words addressed to himself and Count von Waldesce on the occasion of the latter's appointment.

Emperor William then proposed the following toast: "Health to our noble allies and the true friends of our land whom we all honor from the bottom of our hearts '

Later on the Emperor bade farewell to the officers and kissed Count von Waldersee. LANDING TROOPS AT SHANGHAL

Along the Yang-Ts: Reported Serious. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, Aug. 18 -- A Shanghai despatch to Dalziel's news agency of Friday's date says the British troops from India are being disem-

barked. The French proposed to land troops on Saturday. The situation along the Yang-tse, the correspondent says, is serious, especially at Wuchang.

Chang Shi Tung's troops mutinied, but the outbreak was quelled. A despatch from Shanghai says that M. de Bezaure, the French Consul-General, states that 800 French marines have left Saigon for Shanghai and will be landed in case of an

# POLICY OF TERROR IN CHINA. The "Cologne Gazette" Says That This Alone

Will Be Effective.

Special Cable Descatch to THE SUN COLOGNE, Aug. 10. - The Gazette says the relief of the Pekin legations only partially solves the Chinese question. The paper demands the severest chastisement of the parties guilty of the murder of Baron von Ketteler, the German Minister, and maintains that a policy of terror is the only effective one in China.

Waumbek, Jefferson, in White Mountains, N. H. open till October. Golf tournaments in September.